

We know almost nothing about the life of the apostle Peter after the Council of Jerusalem in 49 (see Acts 15). What was his situation in Jerusalem after his miraculous deliverance the night before his execution (Acts 12)? It was in 44. The death of Herod Agrippa, a few months later, did not prevent the high priests from wanting Paul's death. When did he leave for the Greek world? What contacts did he have with the communities that Paul established? We do know that, in Corinth, a party laid claim on him and apparently knew him (1 Cor 1:12). When did he get to Rome? This letter is helpful in finding an answer.

This is an important letter not only because of what it says but also because it gives us a glimpse of the Church of the apostles. It has many points of contact with the letters of James and Paul, especially the epistle to the Romans. Faith was not made up of beliefs evolving according to the feelings of diverse communities. The testimonies about Jesus, his person and his Gospel were not left to anonymous writers ready to alter them according to the needs of the moment. There

was a solid and coordinated preaching of the apostles based on untouchable information that was already called Tradition or Doctrine. Prophets, who were used to giving a Christian interpretation of the Old Testament, were gradually creating a Christian language and since they were itinerant, this language had to be in agreement with the testimony of the apostles.

Peter tells us that his letter, handwritten by Silas or Silvanus, Paul's former companion (5:12), is addressed to the communities of the different Roman provinces located in today's Turkey. Did Peter know them personally? He refers to a persecution threatening them or, at least, to the hostile attitude of the authorities, and he encourages them by showing them the example of Christ. We do not have to imagine a widespread and official persecution as the one that occurred under Domitian at the time of Revelation or under Trajan in 110. Instead, it was a matter of nuisances and slander on the part of unbelievers before the courts. An analysis of the themes and the terminology seems to show that Peter's letter precedes Paul's letters to the Ephesians and Colossians, therefore, before 60. It would be very difficult to deny that it was known by the author of the letter to the Hebrews, written before 66. The occasion for writing it may have been Paul's arrest in Jerusalem in 58, an event that impacted the provinces of Asia where the Jews were influential.

In looking for the originality of this letter, we should emphasize the following three points:

- From 1:3 to 3:7, everything draws its inspiration from the baptismal ceremony, hymns and the homily on the meaning of baptism and the type of life that the newly baptized will lead.

- The letter praises the new people of the baptized, living stones of the real temple and priests of God for spiritual worship.

- On many occasions, Peter invites us to meditate on Christ's passion: his sacrifice is still present at the heart of God's people and persecution is part of their vocation.

An ancient tradition assures us that Peter was killed during Nero's persecution and that he was buried on the property of Vatican hill. Recent excavations have enabled us to find a tomb containing bones and bearing different inscriptions. It is almost certainly the tomb of the apostle, the first stone of the Church.

Jas 1:1

Jn 3:3; 1Jn 3:9 <sup>•</sup> <sup>1</sup>From Peter, apostle of Jesus Christ, to all those living as aliens in the Dispersion, in Pontus, Galatia, Cappadocia, Asia and Bithynia,

<sup>2</sup>to those whom God the Father has called, according to his plan, and made holy by the Spirit, to obey Jesus Christ and be purified by his blood: may grace and peace increase among you.

## You have been saved

<sup>3</sup>Let us praise God, the Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, for his great mercy. In raising Jesus Christ from the dead he has given us new life and a living hope. <sup>4</sup>The inheritance that does not corrupt nor goes bad nor passes away was reserved to you in heavens, <sup>5</sup>since God's power shall keep you faithful until salvation is revealed in the last days.

> <sup>6</sup>There is cause for joy, then, even though you may, for a time, have to suffer many trials. <sup>7</sup>Thus will your faith be tested, like gold in a furnace. Gold, however, passes away but faith, worth so much more, will bring you in the end praise, glory and honor when Jesus Christ appears.

Jn 20:27; 2Cor 5:7

.ln 16.20

Mal 3:2; 1Cor

3:13

<sup>8</sup>You have not yet seen him and

• 1.1 Notice the greeting, "in the name of the Father, of the Son and of the Holy Spirit," which is the same as Paul's greetings.

This passage could be the preaching of a leader of a Christian community, addressed to adults who have just been baptized. In those days people were more preoccupied than they are now about their salvation after death. To those being baptized, the apostles spoke of the *inheritance* of God which was reserved for them and had been won by Christ in his resurrection: The *inheritance that does not corrupt nor goes bad nor passes away* (v. 4).

yet you love him; even without seeing him, you believe in him and experience a heavenly joy beyond all words, <sup>9</sup> for you are reaching the goal of your faith: the salvation of your souls.

<sup>10</sup> This was the salvation for which the prophets so eagerly looked when, in days past, they foretold the favor of God with regard to you. <sup>11</sup> But they could only investigate when the Spirit of Christ present within them pointed out the time and the circumstances of this—the sufferings of Christ and the glories which would follow.

<sup>12</sup>It was revealed to them that they were working not for themselves but for you. Thus, in these days, after the Holy Spirit has been sent from heaven, the Gospel's preachers have taught you these mysteries which even the angels long to see.

#### Be holy

• <sup>13</sup>So, then, let your spirit be ready. Be alert, with confident trust in the grace you will receive when Jesus Christ appears. <sup>14</sup>Like obedient children, do not return to your former life given over to ignorance

The newly baptized knew that their Christian faith was threatened and persecuted. To ask for baptism meant to commit oneself to Christ until death.

You have not yet seen him... (v. 8). Hope, love for Christ: the three virtues (or powers) urging Christians, go together. Christ came to glory through suffering. The Christian follows the same path and already knows true joy in the midst of trials.

 13. The logical consequences of baptism are developed. We cannot go backward; givls 52:13; Lk 18:31 4.7

and passions. <sup>15</sup>Imitate the one who Eph 2:1: called you. As he is holy so you, too. be holy in all your conduct, <sup>16</sup> since I ev 11.44

Scripture says: Be holy for I am holy. <sup>17</sup>You call upon a Father who makes no distinction between persons but judges according to each one's deeds: take seriously, then, these years which you spend in a strange land. <sup>18</sup>Remember that you 2Cor 5: Eph 4:17 were freed from the useless way of life of your ancestors, not with gold and silver <sup>19</sup>but with the precious blood of the Lamb without spot or blemish. 20 God, who has known Acts 20:28: Christ before the world began, re-Heb 9 12 vealed him to you in the last days. <sup>21</sup>Through him, you have faith in God Rom 4.24 who raised him from the dead and glorified him in order that you might put all your faith and hope in God.

<sup>22</sup>In obeying the truth, you have Rom gained interior purification from which comes sincere mutual love. Love one another, then, with all your heart, <sup>23</sup> since you are born again, not from mortal beings, but with enduring life, through the Word of God who lives and remains forever. <sup>24</sup> It is written: All flesh is grass and its glory ls 40:6-8 like the flowers of the field. The arass withers and the flower falls, <sup>25</sup> but the Word of the Lord endures forever. This Word is the Gospel which has been brought to you.

### Christ is the cornerstone

**2**<sup>• 1</sup>So, give up all evil and deceit, hypocrisy, envy and every kind Jas 1:21 of gossip. <sup>2</sup>Like newborn children, 10:15; seek eagerly for the pure milk of the 1Cor 3:2 Word that will help you grow and reach salvation. 3 Did you not taste Ps 34:9 the goodness of the Lord? <sup>4</sup>He is the Mt 21:42 living stone rejected by people but chosen by God and precious to him; set yourselves close to him 5 so that 1Cor 3:16; vou. too, become living stones built Eph 2:20: into a spiritual temple, a holy community of priests offering spiritual sacrifices that please God through 13:15 Jesus Christ. 6Scripture says: See, I lay in Zion a chosen and precious ls 28:16 cornerstone; whoever believes in him will not be disappointed.

<sup>7</sup>This means honor for you who believed, but for unbelievers also the stone which the builders rejected has

Mk

Rom 12:1: Heb

Ps 118:22

ing in to the evils of the world would mean going back to the slavery from which Christ delivered us through his blood.

Verses 22-25: here we recognize this being born anew, being born from above, which Jesus tells Nicodemus in John 3:9.

What follows is a call to live perfectly: not attached to the things of the present, but eager to live a useful and holy life before God, in proportion to what we have cost him.

 2.1 Two words stand out in this paragraph: stones and priests. They speak about what the new Christians will be.

You are stones. God's presence in his people is the stone which stands out and on which, all those who neither saw nor took notice of him, stumbled (Is 8:14). In another sense, Jesus is the stone rejected by the builders, which becomes the foundation of a new building: this is the new people of God that arises from the remnant of Israel and then

extends to all nations. Christians are the stones of this Church: living stones because each one shares the life of God, and because each one has an active part to play in the Church, the body of Christ (Eph 4:12-16).

You will also be *priests*. To understand what this means, we must read God's words to Moses in Exodus 19:5. God decided then to become present in the world and to transform the course of history through a people of his own which would be Israel. Peter tells us: "The real people of God, the true Israel, are you who have accepted Christ." We, who are baptized, do not form one more religion: we are an active minority and the leaven of the world.

We are priests in the sense this word had for ancient people: those who know, those who risk coming close to God. We were made responsible for the mission of preparing men and women so that salvation may mature in them. People and nations may discover their common destiny and, in the end, admit that

Jas 1:18: 1Jn 3:9

Jn 13:34;

12.10

ls 43:20: 19:5: Rom 3:24: Eph 1:14: Col 1:12

Hos 1:6; 2:3; 2:25

<sup>9</sup>You are a chosen race, a community of priest-kings, a consecrated nation, a people God has made his own to proclaim his wonders. For he called you from your darkness to his own wonderful light. 10 At one stage you were no people, but now you are God's people, you had not received his mercy, but now you have been aiven mercu.

## Live a blameless life

Gal 5:24: Jas 4:1

• <sup>11</sup>Beloved, while you are strangers and exiles, I urge you not to indulge in selfish passions that wage war on the soul. <sup>12</sup>Live a blameless life Mt 5:16 among the pagans; so when they accuse you falsely of any wrong, they may see your good works and give glory to God on the day he comes to them.

<sup>13</sup>For the Lord's sake, respect all 13:1; human authority: the king as chief authority, <sup>14</sup>the governors as sent by him to punish evildoers and to encourage those who do good. <sup>15</sup>And God wants you to do good so that you may silence those fools who ignorantly criticize you. <sup>16</sup>Behave as free people but do not speak of freedom as a license for vice; you are free men and God's servants. 17 Reverence each person, love your broth-

Gal 5:13; Jud 1:4

Rom

Tit 3.1

Pro 24:21; Mt 21:21

> they cannot solve their problems without making the Gospel the Law of their whole lives.

> A Christian aware of his dignity as a priestly member of the people of God, by sheer gift and grace cannot but proclaim his wonders (v. 19). This is what evangelization is all about. These Christians are a chosen race, a com*munity of priest-kings* called to proclaim the Gospel.

 11. Here we are invited to be model citizens, workers and spouses. If we are slaners and sisters, fear God and show respect to the emperor.

<sup>18</sup>Servants must respect their masters, not only those who are good and understanding but also those who are difficult. <sup>19</sup>For there is merit in putting up with unprovoked suffering, for the sake of God. 20 What merit would there be in taking a beating when you have done wrong? But if you endure punishment when you have done well, that is a grace before God.

<sup>21</sup>This is your calling: remember Christ who suffered for you, leaving you an example so that you may follow in his way. <sup>22</sup>He did no wrong ls 53.9 and there was no deceit in his mouth.<sup>23</sup>He did not return insult for Mt 5:39 insult and, when suffering, he did not curse but put himself in the hands of God who judges justly. <sup>24</sup>He went to ls 53:12: the cross bearing our sins on his own body on the cross so that we might die to sin and live an upright life. For by his wounds you have been healed. <sup>25</sup>You were like stray sheep, Ezk 34:1 but you have come back to the Shepherd and Guardian of your souls.

## Duties of husbands and wives

**3**<sup>•</sup> <sup>1</sup>In the same way, wives must be submissive to their husbands. Col 3.18 If any of them resists the Word, they will be won over without words by the conduct of their wives. <sup>2</sup>It will be enough for them to see your responsible and blameless conduct.

dered, that is one more occasion to show the beauty of Christian life and that those who slander us are wrong. If the authorities begin to persecute us, this is not an excuse to disobey the laws.

Also see the commentary on Titus 3:1.

 3.1 In speaking to married couples, Peter prefers to address himself to women. Is it because he recognizes the importance of their mission? Or rather, because in the rest of the letter, he paid more attention to men who,

Eph 6:5

2Cor

5:21;

Rom

6.11

Eph 5:22;

1Cor

7:12;

Tit 2:5

1Tim 2:9

Gen

18:12

Eph 5:25;

Col 3:19

<sup>3</sup>Do not be taken up with outward appearances: hairstyles, gold necklaces and clothes. <sup>4</sup>There is something more permanent that shines from within a person: a gentle and peaceful disposition. This is really precious in God's eyes. <sup>5</sup>This was the way the holy women of the past dressed. They put their trust in God and were obedient to their husbands, <sup>6</sup>namely Sarah who had such respect for Abraham that she called him her lord. You are her children if you do what is right and are not afraid.

<sup>7</sup>Husbands, in your turn, be sensible in your life together. Be considerate, realizing that the woman is of a more frail disposition and that you both share in the gift of life. This will prevent anything from coming in the way of your prayer.

<sup>8</sup>Finally, you should all be of one Rom 12:14 mind: share each other's troubles with mutual affection, be compassionate and humble. <sup>9</sup>Do not repay Lk 6:28 evil for evil or answer one insult with another. Give a blessing, instead, since this is what you have been called to do, and so you will receive the blessing. <sup>10</sup>For if you seek life Ps 34: 13-17 and want to see happiness, keep your tongue from evil and your mouth from speaking deceit. <sup>11</sup> Turn away from evil and do good; seek peace and pursue it. <sup>12</sup>Because the

according to Jewish customs, occupied the front rows of the assembly?

Why does he ask them to obey their husband? Is it because God wants it that way, or because the Church is anti-feminist and wants women to be submissive? This point was explained in 1 Corinthians 11:9 and Ephesians 5:22. The apostles heard and taught the revolutionary ruling of Jesus who gave women the same rights as husbands in marriage. However, since they lived in a male-dominated society, they could hardly imagine or discover a new way of sharing between spouses.

In any case, they could not reform the malecentered culture of their time overnight. They Lord's eyes are turned to the just and his ears listen to their appeal. But the Lord frowns on evildoers.

### Do not fear or be disturbed

<sup>13</sup>Who can harm you if you devote yourselves to doing good? <sup>14</sup>If you suffer for the sake of righteousness, happy are you. *Do not fear what they fear or be disturbed as they are*, <sup>15</sup>but *bless the Lord* Christ in your hearts. Always have an answer ready when you are called upon to account for your hope, but give it simply and with respect. <sup>16</sup>Keep your conscience clear so that those who slander you may be put to shame by your upright, Christian living. <sup>17</sup>Better to suffer for doing good, if it is God's will, than for doing wrong.

#### Endure sufferings as Christ did

• <sup>18</sup>Remember how Christ died, once and for all, for our sins. He, the just one, died for the unjust in order to lead us to God. In the body he was put to death, in the Spirit he was raised to life, <sup>19</sup> and it was then that he went to preach to the imprisoned spirits. <sup>20</sup>They were the generation who did not believe when God, in his great patience, delayed punishing the world while Noah was building the ark in which a small group of eight persons escaped through wa-

were speaking for women accustomed to obey. Some among them understood their promotion (Lk 8:1), but it happened that they showed this with actions which scandalized many (see commentaries on 1 Cor 11:6 and 1 Tim 2:11).

• 18. In this paragraph we have the reference to "the descent of Christ into hell" mentioned in our creed: see also Ephesians 4:9 and the commentary on Matthew 27:52.

Peter, using the expressions of his day, speaks of the sinful people in Noah's time. For the Jews, they were the example of those who sin by irresponsibility and lack of real concern Heb 9:26

2P 2:5; Gen 7:7

Rom 6:10:

Mt 5:10

ls 8:12 (LXX)

Mt

10:26:

Pro 3:25

Heb 10:22;

Col 2:12

Ps 110:1

1Jn 2:16

Tit 3:3

ter. <sup>21</sup>That was a type of the baptism that now saves you; this baptism is not a matter of physical cleansing but of asking God to reconcile us through the resurrection of Christ Jesus. <sup>22</sup>He has ascended to heaven and is at the right hand of God, having subjected the angels, Dominations and Powers.

• <sup>1</sup>Given that Christ suffered in his human life, arm yourselves with this certainty: the one who suffers in his body has broken with sin <sup>2</sup> so as to spend the rest of his life following the will of God and not human passions.

<sup>3</sup>You have given enough time, in the past, to living as the pagans do: a life of excess, evil passions, drunkenness, orgies and worship of idols. <sup>4</sup>They now find it strange that you are no longer swept along with them in this ruinous flood, and then abused you for it. <sup>5</sup>But they will be accountable to the one who is ready to judge the living and the dead. <sup>6</sup>The Gospel has been preached to many who are now dead. As humans they received a deadly sentence, but through the Spirit they shall live for God.

<sup>7</sup>The end of all things is near; keep your minds calm and sober for prayer. <sup>8</sup>Above all, let your love for one another be sincere, for love covers a multitude of sins. 9Welcome one another into your houses without complaining. <sup>10</sup>Serve one another with the gifts each of you received, thus becoming good managers of the varied graces of God. <sup>11</sup>If you speak, deliver the word of God; if you have a special ministry, let it be seen as God's power so that, in everything, God may be glorified in Jesus Christ. To him belong glory and power forever and ever. Amen.

# Be glad to share in the sufferings of Christ

• <sup>12</sup>My dear people, do not be surprised at the testing by fire which is taking place among you, as though something strange were happening to you. <sup>13</sup>Instead, you should be glad to share in the sufferings of Christ because, on the day his Glory is revealed, you will also fully rejoice. Pro 10:12; Jas 5:20

> Rom 12:16; 1Cor 12:4

for the will of God. Yet, Christ saved them: he came for everyone, and not only for those who have been faithful or who had the chance of meeting him in his Church.

Note the comparison between the deluge and baptism: water washes away the old world, a life of sin: the person who comes to Christ begins a new life, striving for "a pure conscience."

In the body he was put to death, in the Spirit he was raised to life (the text says, "he died according to flesh."). This means that he died because he had accepted and really taken on our mortal condition, but he had to be repossessed by the Spirit of God. It is a reaffirmation of the double nature of Christ. Compare with Romans 1:4.

• **4.1** *Given that Christ suffered.* See Romans 6.

They find it strange (v. 4). We, perhaps, too easily accept to organize our life, as do

those who are not waiting for the promises of Jesus; in our conduct there is nothing to surprise them.

The Gospel was preached to the dead (v. 6). This refers to the previous passage 3:18-20. It is a way of speaking about the mysterious encounter that, after his death, Jesus had with the dead of past ages, whom he had come to save as well.

Keep your minds calm and sober for prayer (v. 7). Prayer requires a disciplined life. Go to bed when it is time and give up entertainments that only devour time and make us half-wits.

• 12. These verses present a summary of the central idea in this letter.

Let us note that Peter cannot concede that a Christian should have to be judged or go to jail through his own fault, murder, theft, etc. How many "Christians" in name only are in jail today? And, how many more should be there?

<sup>14</sup>You are fortunate if you are insulted Col 3:4 because of the name of Christ, for the Spirit of glory rests on you. 15 I suppose that none of you should suffer for being a murderer, a thief, a criminal or an informer; 16 but if anyone suffers on account of being a Christian. do not consider it a disgrace; rather let this name bring glory to God.

Jer 25:29: Lk 23:31: 2Thes 1.8

Pro 11:31

(LXX)

Ps 36:6;

Lk 23:46

<sup>17</sup>The time of judgment has come and it begins with God's household. If its beginning so affects us, what will be the end of those who refuse to believe in the Gospel? <sup>18</sup> If the just one is barely saved, what will happen to the sinner and unbeliever? <sup>19</sup>So, then, if you suffer according to God's will, entrust yourself to the faithful Creator and continue to do good.

### Further admonitions

**5** <sup>•</sup> <sup>1</sup>I now address myself to those elders among you; I, too, am an elder and a witness to the sufferings of Christ, hoping to share the Glory that is to be revealed. <sup>2</sup>Shepherd the 2Tim 3:8; Tit 1:7 flock which God has entrusted to you, guarding it not out of obligation but willingly for God's sake; not as one looking for a reward but with a generous heart; 3 do not lord it over 1Cor 4:16; those in your care, rather be an ex-Tit 2:7 ample to your flock. 4 Then, when the Chief Shepherd appears, you will be given a crown of unfading glory.

Jn 2:12; Pro 3:34

> • 5.1 In the varied counsels that follow. note what concerns the elders, leaders and pastors of the community.

<sup>5</sup>In the same way, let the younger

In persecution Peter also sees a work of the devil, who does his best to discourage those who hope in Christ.

It is a proven fact that when we get ready to make an important decision or to make some commitment in the service of Christ, many unexpected obstacles arise. The person who becomes intimidated loses everything. When he tries again to take some step, the devil will inones among you respect the authority of the elders. All of you must clothe yourself with humility in your dealings with one another, because God opposes the proud but gives his grace to the humble.

<sup>6</sup>Bow down, then, before the power of God so that he will raise you up at the appointed time. 7 Place all your worries on him since he takes care of vou.

<sup>8</sup>Be sober and alert because your Eph 6:19 enemy the devil prowls about like a roaring lion seeking someone to devour. <sup>9</sup>Stand your ground, firm in your faith, knowing that our brothers and sisters, scattered throughout the world, are confronting similar sufferings. <sup>10</sup>God, the giver of all grace, has called you to share in Christ's eternal Glory and after you have suffered a little he will bring you to perfection: he will confirm, strengthen and establish you forever. 11 Glory be to him forever and ever. Amen.

 <sup>12</sup>I have had these few lines of encouragement written to you by Silvanus, our brother, whom I know to be trustworthy. For I wanted to remind you of the kindness of God really present in all this. Hold on to it.

<sup>13</sup>Greetings from the community in Babylon, gathered by God, and from my son, Mark.

<sup>14</sup>Greet one another with a friendly embrace. Peace to you all who are in Christ.

crease his attacks. These trials are common and to face them we need to be alert in our faith.

• 12. To remind you of the kindness of God (v. 12). This kindness, or grace, means God's whole plan to save us, all that came to us through Christ.

Babylon: in the language of the Christians of the time indicates "the great city," the center of pagan religions, namely, Rome (see Rev 17). Rome already has a community, the Church, at the time that Peter writes.

Rom

8:18:

2Cor 4:17:

1Thes

2.12

Phil 4:5; Ps

55:23; Mt 6:25

> Acts 15.22

Rev 17:8



According to the prevailing opinion today, it is a later book, probably written around 100. So it is presented as a second letter of Peter and it does its best to convince us. If it is not by Peter, that would not prevent it from being the word of God even if, at times, it expresses thoughts that seem strange on Peter's lips.

Those who deny its authenticity lean, at times, on the idea that the letter duplicates many passages from the letter of Jude, a text surely written after the death of Peter and Paul (Jd 17-18). In fact, as the early Church used to say, it seems more natural to think that Jude took up the predictions already mentioned in Peter's second letter (3:3-4). Therefore, we cannot invoke this argument to deny its authenticity.

Its three chapters refer to three concerns of the Church of the time, when the generation of those formed by the apostles disappeared before the Church had set the main thrust of its organization. The author wants:

- to preserve the faith just as the witnesses of Jesus taught it,
- to fight against false teachers who distort the faith and also lead to immorality,
- to explain, through God's patience, why Christ has not returned yet.

<sup>1</sup>Symeon Peter, a servant and apostle of Jesus Christ, to those who have been sanctified by our God and Savior Jesus Christ and have received a faith as precious as ours:

<sup>2</sup>may grace and peace abound in you through the knowledge of God and of Jesus our Lord.

### We share in the divine nature

1P 2:4

• <sup>3</sup>His divine power has given us everything we need for life and piety. First the knowledge of the One who called us through his own Glory and Might, by which we were given the most extraordinary and precious promises. <sup>4</sup>Through them you share in the divine nature, after repelling the corruption and evil desires of this world.

<sup>5</sup>So, strive with the greatest determination and increase your faith with goodness, goodness with knowledge, <sup>6</sup>knowledge with moderation, moderation with constancy, constancy with piety, <sup>7</sup>piety with mutual affection, mutual affection with charity. <sup>8</sup>If all these riches are in you so as to abound in you, you will not be idle and useless; you will rather be rooted in the knowledge of Jesus Christ our Lord. <sup>9</sup>Whoever is not aware of this is blind and shortsighted and is forgetful of the cleansing of former sins.

<sup>10</sup>Therefore, brothers and sisters, strive more and more to respond to Gal 5:22

the call of God who chose you. If you do so, you will never stumble. <sup>11</sup>Moreover you will be generously granted entry to the eternal kingdom of our Lord and Savior Jesus Christ.

Jdt1:5 <sup>12</sup>So I shall always remind you of these things, though you know them and remain firm in the truth that you have. <sup>13</sup>It seems fitting that as long as I live in the tent of this body, I re-Jn 21:18 fresh your memory of them, <sup>14</sup>knowing that my tent may soon be folded up, as our Lord Jesus Christ has shown me. <sup>15</sup>I will, nonetheless, endeavor to see that after my departure, you will be constantly reminded of all this.

### The foundation of faith

<sup>16</sup>Indeed, what we taught you about the power and the return of

• **1**.3 Christians tempted to become complacent are told two things:

- God's call is such a great favor that we cannot really understand it;

 it is not enough to have been called to believe: we must confirm this election by a truly holy life that prepares us to enter heaven.

You share in the divine nature (v. 4). This paragraph, with the texts of St. John, is the strongest expression of what we are and what we shall be. We have not merely been called to a good way of life that will be rewarded, to love a God who will be grateful to us. Jesus has come to reveal who we are: his brothers and sisters, members of a unique Humanity that is to become part of the eternal mystery of God. He was made human so that we become all that God is, nothing less.

What we taught you... was not drawn from myths or formulated theories (v. 16). Faith is not based on reasons and theories. We believe in what the apostles saw and in the prophets' words. It is true that through the centuries the understanding of the consequences of faith has developed, situating it within the realities of life; there has also been a constant effort to express what faith is in the language of our day. Nevertheless we continue holding and believing the mystery of Christ in the way the apostles believed and understood it. Christ Jesus our Lord was not drawn from myths or formulated theories. We ourselves were eyewitnesses of his majesty, <sup>17</sup> when he received glory and honor from God the Father, when from the magnificent Glory this most extraordinary word came upon him: "This is my beloved Son, this is my Chosen One." <sup>18</sup>We ourselves heard this voice from heaven when we were with him on the holy mountain.

<sup>19</sup>Therefore, we believe most firmly in the message of the prophets which you should consider rightly as a lamp shining in a dark place, until the break of day, when the Morning Star shines in your hearts.

<sup>20</sup>Know this well: no prophecy of Scripture can be handed over to private interpretation, <sup>21</sup>since no prophecy comes from human decision, for

2Tim 3:6; 1P 1:11

Mk 9:2

The last sentence clearly says what we find in the Bible: all that is there was said on behalf of God and all is the work of the Holy Spirit. It does not say that the Holy Spirit dictated the books nor that he granted revelations to all the authors. One same spirit guided all when each author wrote in his own style, and according to the custom of the time, what seemed good to write. Each author was aware that he was expressing the faith of his people, but was not necessarily conscious that he was inspired. Yet the Spirit arranged everything so that all the books make one whole that becomes a unique witness needed by humankind in every age. The Scripture is at the same time the work of the Holy Spirit and human literature in the language of a particular age.

Therefore, no prophecy of Scripture can be handed over to private interpretation (v. 20). It is true that anyone, according to his intelligence and faith, can understand one text or another. The message, however, is the whole. When we try to see how statements fit together, to see the important lines or discover the spirit of the Bible, then only the Church and those who are spiritually alive in her can discern.

*The Morning Star* (v. 19). This refers to Christ (see Rev 22:16).

it was men of God, moved by the Holy Spirit, who spoke.

# False teachers

Dt 13:2; 1Tim 4:1; Jdt 1:4

1P 3:20

Jdt 1:7

<sup>•</sup> <sup>1</sup> Just as there have been false prophets in the midst of the people of Israel, so will there be false teachers among you. They will introduce harmful sects and, by denying the Master who saved them, they will bring upon themselves sudden perdition. <sup>2</sup>Many, nonetheless, will imitate their vices and because of them the Way of Truth will be discredited. <sup>3</sup>They will take advantage of you with deceitful words for the sake of money. But the judgement made upon them long ago is not idle, and the destruction awaiting them is not asleep.

<sup>4</sup>In fact. God did not pardon the angels who sinned but cast them into hell, confining them in the dark pits, keeping them there until the Day of Judgment. <sup>5</sup>Neither did he pardon the ancient world when he unleashed the waters of the flood upon the world of wicked people, but protected only Noah, the preacher of righteousness along with seven others. 6 God also condemned the cities of Sodom and Gomorrah, reducing them to ashes, to serve as a warning to the wicked in the future. 7 But he saved Lot, a good man deeply afflicted by the unbridled conduct of those vicious people. <sup>8</sup>For Lot, a righteous man who lived in their midst, suffered day after day in the goodness of his heart as he saw and heard of their crimes.

<sup>9</sup>So, then, the Lord knows how to free from trial those who serve him and keep the wicked for punishment on the Day of Judgment. <sup>10</sup>He will do this especially for certain people who follow the baser desires of their nature and despise the Lord's majesty. Proud and daring they are not afraid of insulting fallen spirits <sup>11</sup> while the angels, who are superior to them in strength and power, do not permit themselves any injurious accusation in the presence of the Lord.

<sup>12</sup>Those people are like irrational animals born to be caught and killed; after they have slandered what they cannot understand, they will end like animals <sup>13</sup> and they will suffer the repayment of their wickedness.

They delight giving themselves to deprivation even in the daytime; they are deceiving you even when they are sharing your table. <sup>14</sup>With their eyes always looking for adultery, they do not tire of sinning and seducing weak souls. They are full of greed—an accursed people.

<sup>15</sup>They abandoned the right way and followed Balaam, son of Beor who was attached to what he gained from his wrongdoing. <sup>16</sup>But he was rebuked for his sin: his she-ass began to speak with a human voice, stopping the prophet in his madness. <sup>17</sup>These people are like waterless springs, clouds driven by a storm which move swiftly into the blackest darkness.

<sup>18</sup>With their boastful and empty discourses, they encourage the lust and impure desire of those who have just freed themselves from the common errors.

<sup>19</sup>They promise freedom when they themselves are slaves of corruption: for people are slaves to whatever dominates them. <sup>20</sup>Indeed, Jdt 1:10

Jdt 1:8

Jdt 1:12

22.28

<sup>• 2.1</sup> This chapter dealing with false masters repeats, in part, the threats found in the Letter of Jude.

ning the heavens existed first and ices earth appeared from the water, tak-.ord ing its form by the word of God. <sup>6</sup>By rethe same word of God, this world enperished in the Flood. 7 Likewise, the sent the Word of God maintains the present for heavens and earth until their deness struction by fire: they are kept for the Day of Judgment when the godless om will be destroyed. <sup>8</sup>Do not forget, had beloved, that with the Lord, one day ese dog is like a thousand years, and a thouand: sand years is like one day. 9 The Lord hed does not delay in fulfilling his promise, though some speak of delay; rather he gives you time because he does not want anyone to perish, but that all may come to conversion. <sup>10</sup>The Day of the Lord is to come like a thief. Then the heavens will dissolve with a great noise; the elements will melt away by fire, and the earth with all that is on it will be burned up.

> <sup>11</sup>Since all things are to vanish, how holy and religious your way of life must be, <sup>12</sup>as you wait for the Day of God and long for its coming, when the heavens will dissolve in fire and the elements melt away in the heat. <sup>13</sup>We wait for *a new heaven and a new earth* in which justice reigns, according to God's promise.

<sup>14</sup>Therefore, beloved, as you wait in expectation of this, strive that God

use of the time given us for genuine conversion.

In our days the majority of Christians give little thought to the return of Christ: because we see it as a long way off, or because we do not understand its meaning? In reality it is always urgent to give ourselves totally.

The paragraph referring to Paul shows that already at that time Paul's letters had the same authority in the Church as the old sacred books or the Gospel, the "rest of Scripture." The Church was also concerned about the wrong interpretations that people might get from passages in which Paul did not express himself clearly.

# Why is the second coming of Christ delayed?

**3** <sup>•</sup> <sup>1</sup>Dearly beloved, this is the second letter I write to you. In both of them I have intended to remind you of sound doctrine. <sup>2</sup>Do not forget the words of the holy prophets and the teaching of our Lord and Savior, as you heard it through his apostles.

<sup>3</sup>Remember, first of all, that in the last days scoffers will appear, their mockery serving their evil desires. <sup>4</sup>And they will say, "What has become of his promised coming? Since our fathers in faith died, everything still goes on as it was from the beginning of the world." <sup>5</sup>Indeed, they deliberately ignore that in the begin-

• **3.1** Two generations of Christians had already waited for the return of Jesus: a similar hope stimulated their perseverance. Now false teachers refute the words of the prophets (those who announce an imminent end) by citing daily events.

They sow doubt showing that the apostles also died and did not witness Christ's coming. The response is twofold. On one hand, God does not measure time as we do. He may present something as being very near and not fulfill it immediately. On the other hand, if to us the time seems long, it does not mean that we can settle in this world; we should make good

Jud 1:17

ls 65:17; Rev 21:1

Ps 90:4

Hb 2:3; Rom 2:4;

1Tim 2.4

1Thes 5:2;

Mt 24:43

may find you rooted in peace, without blemish or fault.

<sup>15</sup> And consider that God's patience is for our salvation, as our beloved brother Paul wrote to you, with the wisdom given him. <sup>16</sup> He speaks of these things in all his letters. There are, however, some points in them that are difficult to understand, which people who are ignorant and immature in their faith twist, as they do with the rest of the Scriptures, to their own destruction.

<sup>17</sup>So then, dearly beloved, as you have been warned, be careful lest those people who have gone astray deceive you in turn and drag you along, making you stumble and finally fall away. <sup>18</sup>Grow in the grace and knowledge of our Lord and Savior Jesus Christ: to him be glory, now and to the day of eternity. Amen.

Jdt 1:25